
INSTALLED BUILDING PRODUCTS, INC.

REGULATION FD POLICY

Amended and Restated as of November 2, 2022

General

Installed Building Products, Inc. (the “**Company**”) is committed, consistent with legal and regulatory requirements, to providing timely, orderly, consistent and credible material information to its securityholders and potential investors. The Company has developed detailed guidelines and procedures for receiving requests for, and ultimately disclosing, material information. Please refer to the full text of this Regulation FD Policy (the “**Policy**”) for a complete description of these guidelines and procedures. This Policy regards communications with securityholders, analysts and others.

Regulation FD (Fair Disclosure) (“**Regulation FD**”) promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (“**SEC**”) prohibits the selective disclosure of material nonpublic information to certain Enumerated Persons (as defined below). The regulation is intended to eliminate situations in which a company may disclose important nonpublic information to securities analysts or selected institutional investors, before disclosing the information to the general public.

Regulation FD requires that, whenever the Company (or a person acting on its behalf) **intentionally** discloses **material nonpublic information** to **certain specified persons** (including broker-dealers, analysts and securityholders), the Company must **simultaneously** disseminate the information to the public in a manner consistent with Regulation FD.

Examples of activities affected by this Policy include:

- earnings releases and related conference calls;
- speeches, interviews and conferences;
- providing of “guidance” as to performance or results;
- responding to market rumors;
- reviewing analyst reports and similar materials;
- referring to or distributing analyst reports on the Company;
- analyst and investor visits;
- postings on the Company’s websites; and
- social media communications, including through corporate blogs, employee blogs, chat boards, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, YouTube, Instagram and any other non-traditional means of communication.

If the Company learns that it (or certain persons acting on its behalf) has **unintentionally** disclosed material nonpublic information, the Company must promptly publicly disseminate the

information as soon as reasonably practicable, but no later than 24 hours after discovering the unintentional disclosure or commencement of the next day's trading on the New York Stock Exchange, whichever is later.

The Company adopted this Policy to ensure that any persons acting on its behalf comply with Regulation FD. This Policy applies to every director and employee of the Company and its subsidiaries, and complements the Company's insider trading policies. This Policy will be posted in the investor relations section of the Company's website. This Policy may be amended, terminated or reinstated at any time of the discretion of the Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

Purpose

The purpose of this Policy is to provide clear guidelines and procedures for receiving external requests for, and making disclosure of, material information in order to promote the Company's goal of providing accurate and timely communications on a broadly disseminated basis to ensure compliance with Regulation FD.

The Company's General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer or such other person delegated by either of them, shall have the authority to make materiality and distribution determinations covered by this Policy with respect to the information disclosed about the Company.

The General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer or their designee has the authority to interpret and enforce this Policy. All questions about this Policy should be directed to the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer. Any suspected or known violations of this Policy should be reported immediately to the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer. If a Company employee violates this Policy, he or she will be subject to disciplinary action up to and including immediate termination of employment.

The General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer or their designee must pre-approve in writing any deviation from the policies and procedures outlined in this Policy.

Authorized Spokespersons

The only persons authorized to speak on behalf of the Company to securities analysts, broker-dealers, securityholders and any other Enumerated Persons (as defined below) are the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Administrative and Sustainability Officer, Managing Director, Investor Relations, President, External Affairs or other persons specifically designated by them to speak with respect to a particular topic or purpose (each an "**Authorized Spokesperson**").

At various times, any one of the Authorized Spokespersons may designate others to speak on behalf of the Company and/or respond to specific inquiries when necessary due to the unavailability of an Authorized Spokesperson or due to the specific nature of the request. While others may be designated from time to time to speak on behalf of the Company, it is essential that the General Counsel and Chief Financial Officer have knowledge of the information being

disseminated by those individuals to facilitate the Company's compliance with other applicable legal and regulatory requirements in its external communications.

To the extent practicable, Authorized Spokespersons must contact the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer before having conversations with any Enumerated Persons in order to review as much of the substance of the intended communication as possible, including slides and other prepared materials.

Pre-written speeches, written statements, presentations and other external communications should, to the extent practicable or appropriate, be reviewed by the General Counsel (or her designee).

If a Board member is an Authorized Spokesperson and plans on speaking privately with one or more of the Company's securityholders, the Board member shall pre-clear the discussion topics with the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer (or his or her designee). Alternatively, an Authorized Spokesperson must participate in any meeting with such securityholder(s).

Enumerated Persons Subject to Regulation FD Disclosure Requirements

Regulation FD prohibits selective disclosure to certain specified persons, including:

- Broker-dealers and persons associated with them, including investment analysts.
- Investment advisers, certain institutional investment managers and their associated persons.
- Investment companies, hedge funds, and affiliated persons.

The persons noted above are collectively referred to as “**Enumerated Persons**”.

Selective disclosure is also prohibited if made to any securityholder under circumstances in which it is reasonably foreseeable that the securityholder would purchase or sell the Company's securities on the basis of the information. In some cases, disclosure of material nonpublic information to any group can result in a possible Regulation FD violation if the information is not widely disseminated.

Communications in the ordinary course of business with customers, suppliers or strategic partners, as well as communications with the press or news organizations, rating agencies or the government, are not covered by the regulation.

Day-to-Day Communications

Inquiries from analysts, securityholders and other Enumerated Persons in any department other than the offices of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or General Counsel must be forwarded to an Authorized Spokesperson. **Under no circumstances should any attempt be made to handle these inquiries without prior authorization from an Authorized Spokesperson.**

Planned conversations must include at least one Authorized Spokesperson and should always include a second person. It should be determined in advance whether it is intended that any material nonpublic information be disclosed. If so, the material nonpublic information should be disclosed prior to or simultaneously with the planned conversation by the issuance of a press release or the filing or “furnishing” of a report on a Form 8-K or both.

Public Disclosure of Significant Company Information

Any time an Authorized Spokesperson determines to disclose or discuss nonpublic Company information with anyone who is or might be an Enumerated Person, the Authorized Spokesperson should consult with the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer to determine whether the information is material. Information is material if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making a decision to buy, sell, or hold a security or where the fact would significantly alter the total mix of available public information. Both positive and negative information may be material.

Possible material information or events include, but are not limited to:

- earnings information and quarterly results;
- guidance/statements on earnings estimates;
- mergers, acquisitions, dispositions, tender offers, joint ventures or changes in assets;
- new service offerings, contracts with suppliers, or developments regarding customers or suppliers;
- new investments or financings or developments regarding investments or financings;
- changes in auditors or auditor notification that the issuer may no longer rely on an audit report;
- changes in the Company’s board of directors or management;
- cybersecurity risks and incidents, including vulnerabilities and breaches;
- events regarding the Company’s securities (such as defaults on senior securities, calls of securities for redemption, repurchase plans, stock splits or changes in dividends, changes to the rights of securityholders, public or private sales of additional securities or information related to any additional funding);
- bankruptcies or receiverships; and
- changes in regulations and any analysis of how they affect the Company.

Information about the Company is considered “nonpublic” if it has not been disseminated in a manner making it available to investors generally on a broad-based, non-exclusionary basis.

Earnings Calls

Adequate advance public notice must be given of any quarterly earnings conference calls and/or webcasts. Notice shall include a press release issued to all major news wires and a posting on the Company’s website with information including the date, time, telephone number and webcast URL for the earnings call. The press release must also state the period, if any, for which

a replay of the webcast will be available. Also, a copy of the release must be provided to the New York Stock Exchange prior to issuance.

A quarterly earnings conference call and/or webcast must be open to analysts, media representatives and the general public. Any such conference call must be recorded and kept by the Company for at least one year. The Company will make certain that the date of the conference call and the oral forward-looking statement safe harbor legend is recited at the beginning of the call or webcast and included in the recording so that the date of the information discussed in the call or webcast is unmistakable to listeners of the archived material. This practice reinforces the historical nature of the information discussed in the call or webcast.

In addition, the Company will conspicuously include on its archive site the forward-looking statement safe harbor language for written communications as the archived webcast becomes a written communication.

Web replay of such a call must be available for at least seven days after the conference call.

Guidance, Quiet Period and Analyst Reports

The Company and its employees cannot give earnings guidance in any form (including “soft” or indirect guidance) in nonpublic settings. To the extent practicable, analysts will be requested to provide a written agenda or questions in advance to avoid inadvertent disclosures or to allow the preparation and simultaneous public release of information the Company is willing to disclose. Two Company representatives, including at least one of the Authorized Spokespersons, must be present during any analyst calls or meetings. Any statements regarding earnings expectations will be limited to press releases and publicly available earnings calls.

Whenever the Company has issued any estimate or comment regarding earnings or other financial measures (which will ordinarily be issued through a press release and the filing or furnishing of a Form 8-K), no employee will comment on those projections. In response to any question about such information, Authorized Spokespersons will say that it is the Company’s policy not to comment on projections. The Company will not comment on its intention to update these materials.

No Authorized Spokesperson will provide “comfort” with respect to any earnings estimate or otherwise “walk the Street” up or down. If any analyst inquires as to the reliability of a previously, publicly disseminated projection, the Authorized Spokesperson should follow the “no comment” policy.

Analyst reports and earnings models may only be reviewed to correct errors that can be corrected by referring to publicly available, historical, factual information or to correct any mathematical errors. No other analyst feedback or guidance on earnings models may be communicated to an analyst. A written record should be kept of any comments provided on an analyst’s report. Such reports must be promptly forwarded to the General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer or their designee. Any review of an analyst report may only be done after obtaining the express approval of the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer.

No Company employee should distribute (including via a web link) copies of, or refer to, selected analysts' reports to anyone outside the Company.

Analyst Meetings/Investment Banker Conferences/Roadshows

This Policy will apply to communications between Authorized Spokespersons and Enumerated Persons at analyst meetings, investment banker conferences and roadshows (other than roadshows undertaken in connection with certain public offerings of the Company's securities). Accordingly, prior to the meeting, conference or roadshow, the Company will disclose either through a press release (accompanied by a current report on Form 8-K), an open conference call or a webcast, or any combination of these methods, any material information that is not already public and which may be discussed or presented at the meeting, conference or the roadshow.

If it is determined that material nonpublic information may have been disclosed unintentionally during the meeting, conference or roadshow, the General Counsel and the Chief Financial Officer should be notified immediately. If the General Counsel and the Chief Financial Officer determine that an inadvertent disclosure of material nonpublic information has occurred, a press release (accompanied by a current report on Form 8-K) will be issued disclosing the information as soon as practicable, but no later than either 24 hours after discovery of the unintentional disclosure or prior to the commencement of the next day's trading on the NYSE, if later.

Use of Social Networks

Use of social networks, including corporate blogs, employee blogs, chat boards, Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, YouTube, Instagram and any other non-traditional means of communication, to disclose material, nonpublic Company information would be considered selective disclosure and would violate this Policy.

Press Release Policy

Press releases should be reviewed and prepared in accordance with the Company's standard procedures.

If a forward-looking statement has been made and there is clear meaning to that statement, an employee shall report to the General Counsel any facts or events which might cause that meaning to change.

If a meeting or conference call is held after the issuance of a press release the purpose of which is to give analysts or major securityholders an opportunity to seek more information or ask questions concerning the information disclosed in a press release, the meeting or call shall be preceded by a press release as soon as the meeting or call is planned, which shall announce such meeting or call and provide information including the date, time, telephone number and webcast URL for the meeting or call. The meeting or call shall be open to analysts, media representatives and the general public.

If a director, member of management or employee of the Company learns of information that causes him or her to believe that a disclosure may have been misleading or inaccurate when made or may no longer be true, such person should report that information to the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer.

Rumors: No Comment Policy

The Company will not comment on market rumors in the normal course of business. When it is learned that rumors about the Company are circulating, Authorized Spokespersons should state only that it is Company policy to not comment on rumors. If the source of the rumor is found to be internal, the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer should be consulted to determine the appropriate response. Should the New York Stock Exchange request the Company to make a definitive statement in response to a market rumor that is causing significant volatility in the Company's stock, or in extraordinary circumstances, the General Counsel and Chief Financial Officer will consider the matter and determine whether to make an exception to the Policy.

Analyst and Investor Visits Policy

Site visits and tours by Enumerated Persons should be approved by the General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer. An Authorized Spokesperson should accompany the Enumerated Person on the visit or tour. All disclosures to Enumerated Persons during these visits and tours will be subject to the procedures set forth in this Policy.

Provision of Information to Rating Agencies Policy

All proposed disclosure of material non-public information to credit rating agencies should be subject to a confidentiality agreement.

Response Team

The Company shall have a response team, initially consisting of the General Counsel, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Authorized Spokespersons and representatives from outside counsel and the Company's investor relations firm, to quickly ascertain whether certain disclosures were intentional or unintentional and take immediate remedial action, if necessary.

Monitor Trading

The trading activity of Company stock will be generally monitored by management for unusual trading activity. In addition, the Company's investor relations firm will monitor the financial and news media for stories about the Company. Unusual trading volume or price swings may indicate the inadvertent disclosure of material information that may need to be remedied by a press release.

Violation of this Policy

Violations of Regulation FD are subject to SEC enforcement actions, which may include an administrative action seeking a cease-and-desist order, a civil action against the Company or an individual seeking an injunction and/or civil monetary penalties. Any violation of this Policy by a director or employee shall be brought to the attention of the General Counsel and the Chief Financial Officer and may constitute grounds for disciplinary action or termination of service.